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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/763,967	01/22/2004	Gary Martin Zelman	4078	7898
23388	7590	10/29/2004		EXAMINER
TROJAN LAW OFFICES 9250 WILSHIRE BLVD SUITE 325 BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90212			MAI, HUY KIM	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2873	

DATE MAILED: 10/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

87n

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/763,967	ZELMAN, GARY MARTIN
	Examiner Huy K. Mai	Art Unit 2873

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 September 2004.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 15-28 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 15-28 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

2. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chao et al (6,012,811).

The limitations in claim 15 are shown in Chao et al's Fig. 16, column 8, lines 7-21. Chao et al discloses an apparatus for attaching auxiliary eyeglasses to conventional eyeglasses comprising: magnetic material 358 on said auxiliary eyeglasses; said magnetic material 358 capable of fitting below and mating with magnetic material on said conventional eyeglasses, whereby said auxiliary eyeglasses are capable of being removably secured to conventional eyeglasses.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chao et al.

It should be noted that although claim 26 "method claim", the method steps consist of the broad steps of "providing" and "mating" and therefore these steps would be inherently satisfied by the apparatus of the reference as modified.

5. Claims 15-17,24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zider (6,139,141).

Zider discloses in Figs. 1-13, a magnetic clips for attaching auxiliary eyeglasses to conventional eyeglasses comprising: a male part and a female part attached to said auxiliary eyeglasses and said conventional eyeglasses wherein the magnetic material in the male part is capable of fit below and mating with the magnetic material in the female part or vice versa, whereby said auxiliary eyeglasses are capable of being removably secured to conventional eyeglasses. Zider suggests in the abstract that the male and female parts are permanently attached to the auxiliary eyeglasses and the eyeglass frame. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in this art to modify the device in the Zider reference to form an apparatus for attaching auxiliary eyeglasses to conventional eyeglasses comprising magnetic material on said auxiliary eyeglasses; said magnetic material capable of fitting below and mating with magnetic material on said conventional eyeglasses, whereby said auxiliary eyeglasses are capable of being

removably secured to conventional eyeglasses as suggested by Zider for the same purposes as the applicant does.

Regarding claim 26, it should be noted that although claim 26 "method claim", the method steps consist of the broad steps of "providing" and "mating" and therefore these steps would be inherently satisfied by the apparatus of the reference as modified.

Double Patenting

6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

7. Claims 15-28 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-6 of U.S. Patent No. 6,550,913. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claimed invention as claimed in claims 15-28 is substantially the same as that in claims 1-6 of the '913 patent. All elements claimed in claims 15-28 in the present patent application are included in claims 1-6 of the '913 patent. These elements in the present application perform the same function as those of the elements in claims 1-6 of the '913 patent. Thus, the invention claimed in claims 15-28 is substantially identical to that in claims 1 -6 of the '913 patent.

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8. Claims 15-28 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 7 of U.S. Patent No. 6, 139, 142. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claimed invention as claimed in claims 15-28 is substantially the same as that in claim 7 of the '142 patent. All elements claimed in claims 15-28 in the present patent application are included in claim 7 of the '142 patent. These elements in the present application perform the same function as those of the elements in claim 7 of the '142 patent. Thus, the invention claimed in claims 15-28 is substantially identical to that in claim 7 of the '142 patent.

9. It appears that the newly added claims 15-28 would be rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-14 of U.S. Patent No. 6,705,722. However, the applicant filed a terminal disclaimer to overcome the rejection to the canceled claims 1-3,6-8 over the '722 patent. It is believed that the above mentioned-disclaimer would apply to the claims 15-28. Therefore, a rejection to claims 15-28 over the '722 patent is not applied.

Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

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will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Huy Mai whose telephone number is (571) 272-2334. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00 a.m.-4:30 p.m.).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Georgia Y. Epps can be reached on (571) 272-2328. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1562.



Huy Mai
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2873

HKM/
October 27, 2004